

**Extrapolation of In Vivo Hepatic Clearance from *In Vitro* Uptake Clearance by Suspended Human Hepatocytes (IVIVE) for Anionic Drugs with High Binding to Human Albumin: Improvement of IVIVE by Considering the “Albumin-Mediated” Hepatic Uptake Mechanism Based on the Facilitated-Dissociation Model**

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The material includes 2 supplementary Figures, and 3 supplemental Tables.

**Supplemental Figure 1.** Time profiles of the uptake of OATP substrates in suspended human hepatocytes with various concentration of human serum albumin (HSA).

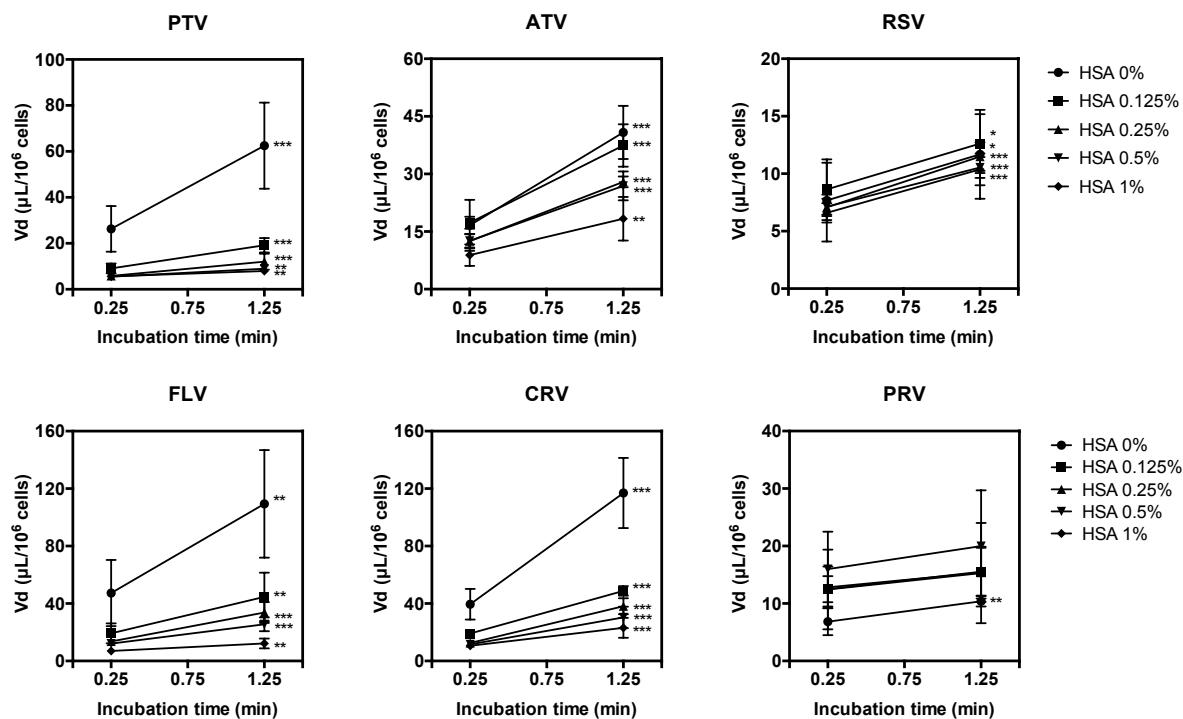
**Supplemental Figure 2.** The hepatic unbound uptake clearance in the presence of the albumin ( $PS_{u,inf}(+)$ ) of clinical OATPs substrates in suspended human hepatocytes.

**Supplemental Table 1.** LC–MS/MS conditions for eleven drugs

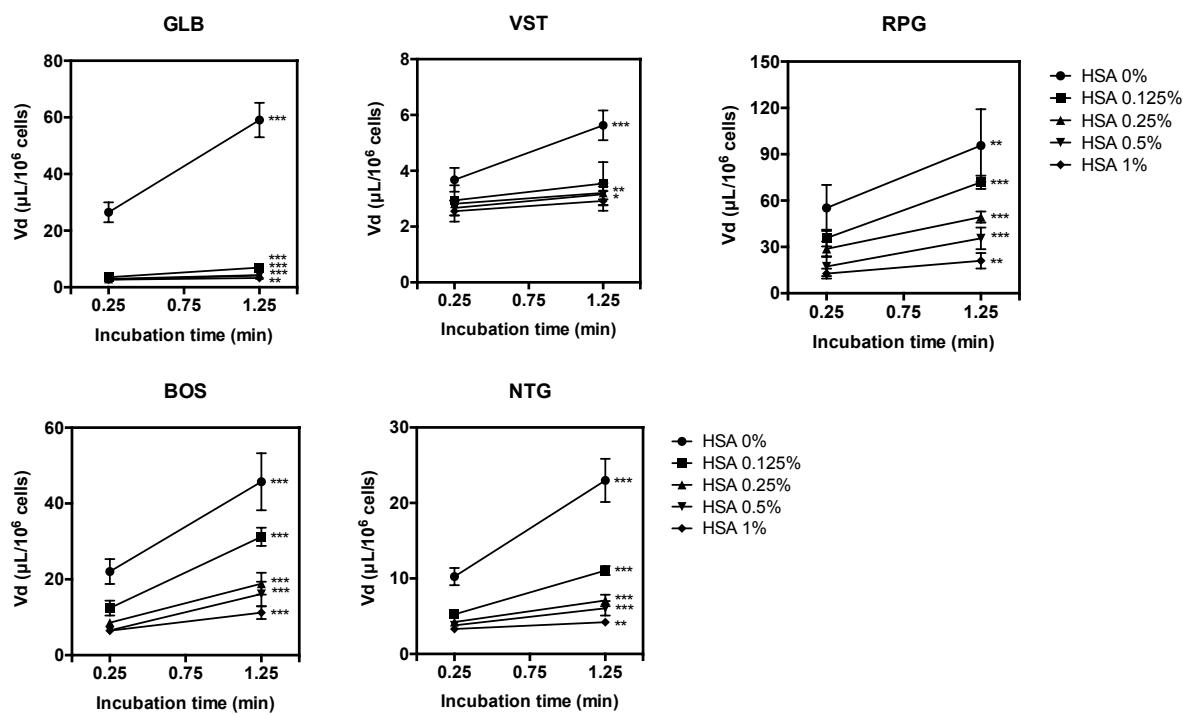
**Supplemental Table 2.** The reported values of  $K_m$  and the uptake clearance of eleven drugs in suspended hepatocytes

**Supplemental Table 3.** Sources of *in vitro* and *in vivo* parameters

(A) Cassette A

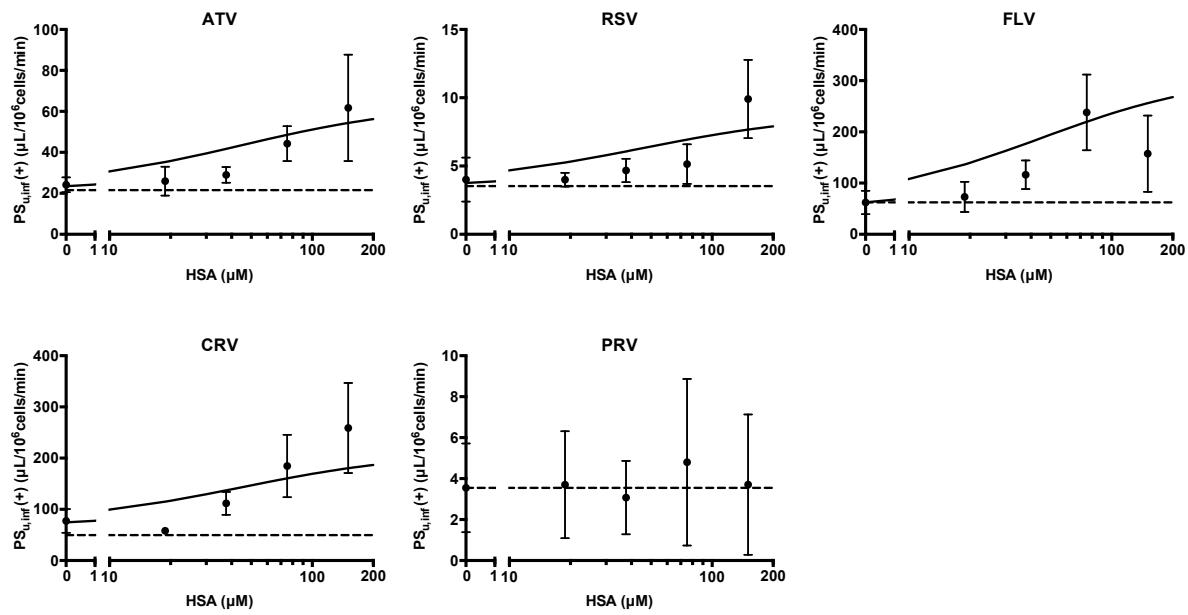


(B) Cassette B

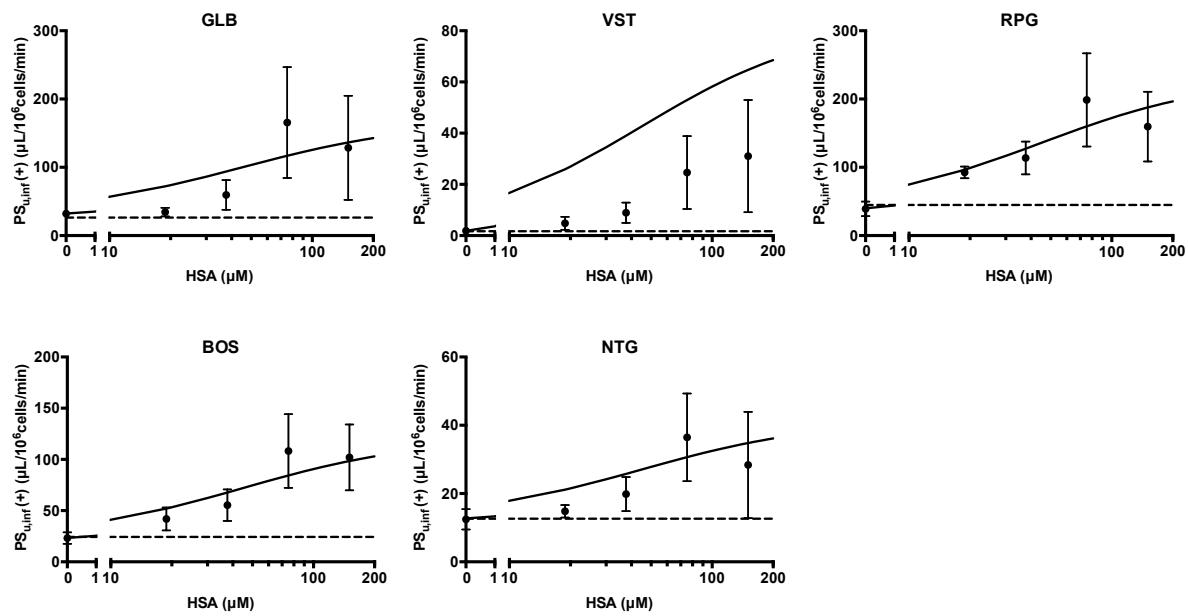


**Supplemental Figure 1.** Time profiles of the uptake of OATP substrates in suspended human hepatocytes with various concentration of human serum albumin (HSA) (mean  $\pm$  SD, n=8). Panel (A) and (B) is cassette A and B set, respectively. PTV, pitavastatin; ATV, atorvastatin; RSV, rosuvastatin; FLV, fluvastatin; CRV, cerivastatin; PRV, pravastatin; GLB, glibenclamide; VST, valsartan; RPG, repaglinide; BOS, bosentan; NTG, nateglinide. \*P < 0.05 vs @0.25 min, \*\* P < 0.005 vs @0.25 min, \*\*\*P < 0.0005 vs @0.25 min

(A) Cassette A



(B) Cassette B



**Supplemental Figure 2.** The hepatic unbound uptake clearance in the presence of the albumin ( $PS_{u,inf}(+)$ ) of clinical OATPs substrates in suspended human hepatocytes. The filled circle, solid line and broken line represent the calculated  $PS_{u,inf}(+)$  (mean  $\pm$  SD, n=8), the fitted line by Tsao's model (Eq. 8), and the theoretical line based on free drug theory, respectively. Panel (A) and (B) is cassette A and B set, respectively. PTV, pitavastatin; ATV, atorvastatin; RSV, rosuvastatin; FLV, fluvastatin; CRV, cerivastatin; PRV, pravastatin; GLB, glibenclamide; VST, valsartan; RPG, repaglinide; BOS, bosentan; NTG, nateglinide.

**Supplemental Table 1.** LC–MS/MS conditions for eleven drugs

LC–MS/MS	Shimadzu LCMS-8050 triple quadrupole mass spectrometer (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan)		
Column	Kintex C18 column (2.1 × 100 mm, 2.6 µm; Phenomenex, Torrance, CA)		
Flow rate	0.3 mL/min		
Mobile phase	A: 01% Formic acid, B: Acetonitrile		
Drugs	ESI mode	<i>m/z</i>	Gradient condition (B concentration %)
Pitavastatin	Positive	422/290	
Atorvastatin	Positive	559/440	
Rosuvastatin	Positive	482/258	0.5min, 5% → 3.5min, 80% →
Fluvastatin	Negative	410/215	4.5min, 80% → 4.6min, 5% → 6min, 5%
Cerivastatin	Positive	460/356	
Pravastatin	Negative	423/303	
Glibenclamide	Positive	494/369	
Valsartan	Positive	436/291	
Repaglinide	Positive	453/230	0.5min, 5% → 5.5min, 80% →
Bosentan	Positive	553/202	6.5min, 80% → 6.6min, 5% → 8min, 5%
Nateglinide	Negative	317/113	

**Supplemental Table 2.** The reported values of  $K_m$  and the uptake clearance of eleven drugs in suspended hepatocytes

Drugs	$K_m$ ( $\mu\text{M}$ )	Uptake clearance without HSA ( $\mu\text{L}/\text{min}/10^6\text{cells}$ , $\text{PS}_{u,\text{inf}}$ )			
		Values	References	Values	References
Pitavastatin	2.99, 1.59	[1],[2]	26.7, 40.1	[1],[2]	36.2
Atorvastatin	0.18	[3]	211	[3]	24.2
Rosuvastatin	10.3, 11, 4	[2],[4],[5]	11.1, 4.1, 1.2	[2],[4],[5]	4.0
Fluvastatin	(4.8, 12)*	[6],[7]	-		62.1
Cerivastatin	18.3	[8]	284	[8]	77.5
Pravastatin	2.25, 76.7, 11.5	[2],[9],[10]	2.8, 1.8, 0.9,	[2],[9],[10]	3.6
Glibenclamide	(1.24, 2.0)*	[6],[11]	-		32.2
Valsartan	10.4	[2]	2.9	[2]	1.9
Repaglinide	12.8	[2]	52.3, 41.0	[2],[3]	39.2
Bosentan	1.3, 22.5	[2].[3]	36.1, 17.9	[2].[3]	23.2
Nateglinide	(36.4)*	[6]	-		12.5

\* OATP1B1 over-expressed HEK cells

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**Supplemental Table 3.** Sources of *in vitro* and *in vivo* parameters

Drugs	$R_B$	Clinical data after a single intravenous dose					References
		$CL_{t,p}$ (mL/min/kg)	$CL_{r,p}$	$CL_{t,B}$	$CL_{r,B}$	$CL_{h,B}$	
Pitavastatin	0.58	5.63	0.04	9.71	0.0679	9.64	[1],[2]
Atorvastatin	0.66	8.93	Negligible	13.5	Negligible	13.5	[1],[2],[3]
Rosuvastatin	0.69	11.60	3.24	16.8	4.70	12.1	[4],[5]
Fluvastatin	0.62	8.70	Negligible	14.0	Negligible	14.0	[6],[7]
Cerivastatin	0.58	2.90	Negligible	5.00	Negligible	5.00	[8],[9]
Pravastatin	0.56	13.50	6.30	24.1	11.3	12.9	[1],[10]
Glibenclamide	0.46	1.06	Negligible	2.30	Negligible	2.30	[11],[12]
Valsartan	0.55	0.52	0.15	0.947	0.269	0.678	[13],[14]
Repaglinide	0.62	7.80	0.62	12.6	1.00	11.6	[15],[16]
Bosentan	0.83	2.39	0.02	2.88	0.0259	2.85	[2],[17]
Nateglinide	0.5	1.53	Negligible	3.05	Negligible	3.05	[18]

$R_B$ , the blood partitioning;  $CL_{t,p}$  total plasma clearance;  $CL_{r,p}$ , renal plasma clearance;  $CL_{t,B}$ , total blood clearance ( $CL_{t,p}/R_B$ );  $CL_{r,B}$ , renal blood clearance ( $CL_{r,p}/R_B$ );  $CL_{h,B}$ , hepatic blood clearance ( $CL_{t,B} - CL_{r,B}$ ).

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